











AQP-4 is also expressed in the sensory organs. Thus, it is present in the Muller retinal cells (its absence leading to subtle alterations in the electroretinogram) or in the internal ear (its lack leading to impaired hearing, which can be explained by the osmotic caliber alterations in the Corti organ, caused by its absence) (10).

Moreover, AQP-4 is also involved in the regulation of the nervous impulse transmission, such as the regulation of the excitability. Thus, the absence of AQP-4 decreases, in the brain, the level of theta waves, which are dependent on the brain-derived neurotrophic factor (BDNF) and the receptor for its tyrosin-kinase (TrkB). The cause for which the theta wave potential is dependent on AQP-4 hasn't been understood yet, but it is thought that the lack of AQP-4 decreases the level of neurotrophins. Thus, in mice which do not express AQP-4 there have been recorded long periods of depression, which has been neutralized after the removal of the brain-derived neurotrophic factor (BDNF) (10).

Furthermore, although the mechanisms responsible for these processes have not been elucidated yet, it was found that the lack of this water channel led to impaired locative memory (10).

Although the most abundant, AQP-4 is not the only channel protein in the brain, at this level being present, albeit in a smaller quantity, other aquaporins such as AQP-1, AQP-9 or AQP-11, factors which must be taken into account in the analysis and modulation of the process of maintaining the hydric balance in the brain (10).

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